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**B. Tech. Degree I & II Semester Examination in
Marine Engineering May 2017**

**MRE 1102 ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS II
(2013 Scheme)**

Time: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 100

(5 × 20 = 100)

- I. (a) Reduce the matrix A to its normal form and hence find its rank, where (7)

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 2 & -2 \\ 4 & 0 & 2 & 6 \\ 2 & 1 & 3 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

- (b) Test the consistency and then solve the system (7)

$$x + y + z = 6$$

$$x - y + z = 2$$

$$2x - y + 3z = 9$$

- (c) Verify Cayley-Hamilton theorem for the matrix $A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ -1 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$. (6)

OR

- II. (a) Show that the function $f(z) = \begin{cases} \frac{x^3(1+i) - y^3(1-i)}{x^2 + y^2}, & z \neq 0 \\ 0, & z = 0 \end{cases}$ satisfies the (7)

Cauchy Riemann Equations at the origin, but not analytic there.

- (b) Expand $f(z) = \frac{1}{(z-1)}$ as a Laurent's series in the region $|z| > 1$. (6)

- (c) Evaluate $\int_C \frac{1}{(z^2+4)} dz$, where C is the circle $|z-i|=2$. (7)

- III. (a) Obtain the differential equation corresponds to the family of straight lines $y = mx$. (6)

- (b) Solve $\frac{dy}{dx} = \tan(x+y) - 1$. (7)

- (c) Solve $\frac{dy}{dx} = (x + e^y - 1)e^{-y}$. (7)

OR

- IV. (a) Solve $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 3\frac{dy}{dx} + 2y = 0$. (5)

- (b) Solve $(D^2 - 4D + 4)y = e^{3x} \cos(4x)$. (7)

- (c) Find a particular integral (P.I.) of $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 2\frac{dy}{dx} - 3y = 64xe^{-x}$, by the variation of parameters method. (8)

(P.T.O.)

- V. (a) Find a Fourier Series of $f(x)$, defined by (10)

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \pi x, & 0 \leq x \leq 1 \\ \pi(2-x), & 1 \leq x \leq 2 \end{cases}$$

Hence deduce that $\frac{1}{1^2} + \frac{1}{3^2} + \frac{1}{5^2} + \dots = \frac{\pi^2}{8}$.

- (b) Express $f(x) = x$ as a half range sine series and a half range cosine series in $0 < x < 2$. (10)

OR

- VI. (a) Find the Fourier sine transform of $\frac{e^{-ax}}{x}$. (8)

(b) Show that $\beta(p, q) = \int_0^{\infty} \frac{y^{q-1}}{(1+y)^{p+q}} dy = \int_0^1 \frac{x^{p-1} + x^{q-1}}{(1+x)^{p+q}} dx$ (12)

- VII. (a) Find the Laplace transform of (8)

(i) $t^2 \cos(at)$ (ii) $\frac{1 - \cos t}{t^2}$

- (b) Find the inverse Laplace transform of (12)

(i) $\frac{s}{(s^2 + a^2)^2}$ (ii) $\log \left(\frac{s+1}{s-1} \right)$

OR

- VIII. (a) Using Laplace transform, solve the equation (10)

$$\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} - 2 \frac{dx}{dt} + x = e^t, \text{ with } x = 2, \frac{dx}{dt} = -1 \text{ at } t = 0.$$

- (b) If $f(t)$ is a periodic function with period T , then prove that (10)

$$L\{f(t)\} = \frac{\int_0^T e^{-st} f(t) dt}{1 - e^{-sT}}.$$

- IX. (a) An urn A contains 2 white and 4 red balls. Another urn B contains 5 white (10)

and 7 red balls. A ball is transferred from urn A to B and then a ball is drawn from the urn B. Find the probability that it is white.

- (b) Fit a binomial distribution to the following frequency distribution: (10)

x	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
f	12	25	51	57	31	15	4

OR

- X. (a) Derive the Poisson distribution as the limiting case of Binomial distribution. (10)

- (b) In a normal distribution, 7% of the items are under 35 and 89% are under 63. (10)
Find the mean and standard deviation.